## ANNOUNCING THE 52<sup>ND</sup> ANNUAL MEETING

## OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN CONFERENCE OF PARASITOLOGISTS

The 52<sup>nd</sup> annual meeting of the Rocky Mountain Conference of Parasitologists will be held on September 9<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 11<sup>th</sup>, 2021 at the Cedar Point Biological Station (University of Nebraska). Cedar Point is located on the south shore of Lake Ogallala about eight miles northeast of the city of Ogallala, in beautiful western Nebraska. The welcoming reception will be on Thursday evening (September 9<sup>th</sup>) from 7-9 P.M. at Goodall Lodge. Posters may be set up Friday morning before the meeting starts or over the lunch break Friday afternoon.

Poster and paper sessions will convene Friday and Saturday morning following breakfast at Goodall Lodge. Highlights of the meeting will include the Newton Kingston Memorial Lecture, an evening banquet, and the Gerald D. Schmidt Memorial Lecture. The Saturday morning paper session will be followed by a short business meeting, with adjournment scheduled for around 11:30.

**Housing is available at Cedar Point**, <u>but you must supply your own toiletries and</u> <u>linens (sheets, pillows, towels)</u>. Faculty housing units are \$140 for <u>two</u> nights. Rooms include a private or semi-private bath and are air conditioned. Most have twin beds, but a few have a fullsize bed. Student units house 4 individuals per cabin and everyone shares a central wash facility. The rate for student housing is \$75 for <u>two</u> nights. Cedar Point housing costs <u>include all meals</u> breakfast (starting at 7:00) on Friday and Saturday), lunch on Friday, and the Friday night banquet. Alternatively, hotels are available in Ogallala and include Days Inn, Quality Inn, Rodeway Inn, Holiday Inn Express, Super 8, and Travel Lodge. Rates vary from \$75-\$130 per night. For those staying in Ogallala, but eating at Cedar Point, there will be an extra charge of \$25 for meals.

If you plan to stay at Cedar Point, **Reserve Housing** by mailing Jon Garbisch, <u>jgarbisch2@unl.edu</u> Payment for housing and meals are made directly to Cedar Point. **Students desiring** reduced cost for housing and food may apply to work in the kitchen by contacting Jon prior to the meeting. Meeting registration (\$20) and annual membership dues (\$10 regular, \$3 students) are payable separately to RMCP during the meeting. Registration fees help pay for student awards and housing costs for guest speakers.

Abstracts for oral papers and posters should be sent as a <u>Microsoft Word Document</u> or a <u>PDF file</u> in an e-mail attachment to John Janovy, Jr., <u>jjparasite@hotmail.com</u> Along with the abstract specify in the accompanying e-mail if the presentation is an <u>Oral Paper</u> or a <u>Poster</u>, and if the individual presenting the paper or poster is an <u>Undergraduate</u> or a <u>Graduate</u> student. The deadline for receiving abstracts is **Monday**, **August 30th**.

Guidelines for abstracts:

Use Times New Roman with a font size 12. That style and size is easily readable without taking up extra space.

The <u>entire</u> title should be in <u>capital letters</u> and **bold** face type. The name(s) of author(s) and their affiliated institution(a) should be in lower case and immediately follow the title.

If a paper has more than one author, designate the individual presenting the paper with an asterisk.

<u>Double space</u> between the <u>title/author heading</u> and the <u>abstract text</u>. Begin the abstract text at the left margin and do not divide the abstract into paragraphs.

Abstracts should contain fewer than 300 words.

Adherence to these guidelines ensures a uniform appearance of the program.

Sample Abstract:

## ACCOUNTING FOR HOST DISTRIBUTION IN PARASITE ECOLOGICAL NICHE MODELS: A CASE STUDY WITH *ECHINOCCOCUS MULTILOCULARIS* (LEUCKART, 1863). S. Botero-Cañola\*, P. Lowe, and S.L. Gardner. Harold W. Manter

Laboratory of Parasitology, University of Nebraska – Lincoln

Understanding and predicting geographical distributions of various parasites presents a big challenge given their complex life-cycles, lack of broad geographic-scale systematic sampling, and taxonomic uncertainties. Nonetheless, predicting and projecting actual or estimated geographic distributions of parasites on useable and available maps would provide critical information to proactively manage emergent and endemic human and animal parasitic diseases under rapid environmental change. Given the unique relationship among parasites and their hosts, incorporating spatially explicit host-data on distribution models can add an important layer of information relative to the ecological requirements necessary for a parasite to be maintained in an ecosystem. Here, we present the example of an approach we have developed to account for host assemblage information in the prediction of parasite-distribution. Our approach .....